

FOR BRYAN.

SEN. WELLINGTON DECLARES AGAINST IMPERIALISM.

DENOUNCES MCKINLEY

Former Republican Leader of Maryland Abandons His Party For the Sake of Patriotism.

Cumberland, Md.—(Special.)—One of the most thrilling scenes in the history of American politics was witnessed here last night when Senator Wellington, once the unchallenged republican leader of Maryland, stood on the same platform with Mr. Bryan and solemnly denounced his party for its crimes against liberty and the weak treachery of the McKinley administration.

Three thousand persons filled the hall and more than ten thousand stood outside cheering other orators. The power and passion of Senator Wellington's denunciation of President McKinley for his falsity and weakness were beyond words to express. The great multitude roared out its greetings to the senator who was great enough to abandon his party for the sake of the republic, the patriot who refused to eat his words and give up his convictions, like Senator Hoar.

DENOUNCES MCKINLEY.

This spectacle tonight was one worthy of history and Senator Wellington's story of President McKinley's broken promises, of the deliberate violation of the constitution by the administration's advisers, and of the swift approach to despotism marked out by the acts of the responsible leadership of the republican party, stirred his hearers to an extraordinary demonstration.

Mr. Bryan followed in a noble appeal to patriotic republicans to follow the example of Senator Wellington and be brave enough and wise enough to set party ties aside in this overwhelming crisis, which has come upon the American republic. And, when finally Mr. Bryan and Senator Wellington looked hands in the presence of the audience—a solemn union in defense of the republic against imperialism—the multitude leaped to its feet and shrieked again and again.

I have had to write political forecasts of Maryland in a good many campaigns and it is safe to say that its electoral vote is absolutely certain for Bryan this year.

DECLARES HIMSELF CLEARLY.

All yesterday republicans spent their time in prophesying that last night's meetings would be disappointments, and then as they grew in warmth they proceeded to abuse Wellington in the most virulent fashion.

Although it has been known for weeks that Senator Wellington would support Bryan, it remained until last night for him to make a public declaration of it to the citizens of his home town and his home state. He made it clearly, vigorously and forcibly.

There had been rumors that he would be stung, and that the hall would be packed with a clique that would seek to discredit him. So strong were these rumors that the senator was guarded on the way to the hall.

COLONEL BRYAN ARRIVES.

Colonel Bryan reached this stronghold of republicanism shortly before 8 o'clock tonight. After a stop for dinner at Deer Park, he made a short talk at the summer resort to a delegation of democrats from Cumberland, who formed a reception committee.

Owing to the lateness of the hour the train was stopped some distance above the station and Mr. Bryan was hurried to the Academy of Music, which had been packed to the doors since 7 o'clock. It was an audience of thoughtful men generally. A few women occupied seats on the ground floor, but there were scores of women in the gallery.

Here are some things Wellington said that aroused much applause:

"I believe that if William J. Bryan is elected president and appoints a secretary of the treasury, that secretary of the treasury will obey the law of the land.

"A tax upon commerce between Porto Rico and any other port of the United States is as unconstitutional as a tax upon commerce between Maryland and New York.

"It is the duty of a senator of the United States to defend the constitution against all comers—even the president.

"There is a secret compact between this government and the government of Great Britain.

"The time has come when I must subordinate my party to my regard for the welfare of the state."

WARM RECEPTION TO BRYAN.

At the conclusion of the address the senator was given three cheers with a will. Colonel Bryan was then introduced. The audience acted as though mad. Men threw their coats and hats in the air and yelled until the perspiration rolled in streams from their faces. Women stood upon chairs and waved hats and handkerchiefs. It was a grand demonstration.

The outside meeting was held in a square outside the Academy of Music. Upward of 5,000 people packed this square and stood patiently for nearly three hours, awaiting Colonel Bryan. Governor Pattison of Pennsylvania, and local orators addressed the crowd during the wait.

Governor Pattison introduced Colonel Bryan, who made an extended address on the imperialism issue. It was the address that he has made all through the campaign.

OLNEY COMES OUT FOR BRYAN.

Ex-Secretary Views With Alarm Our Foreign Troubles.

New York.—(Special.)—The World prints a letter from Richard Olney, secretary of state during the Cleveland administration, in which Mr. Olney declared his intention of supporting Mr. Bryan for president.

After saying that Mr. Bryan is hardly the candidate he should choose if he had his way in the matter and that he entirely dissents from parts of the Kansas City platform, Mr. Olney says: "Perfection in a candidate or platform is an ideal dream and infirmity in its creed and defects in its leadership will always characterize every party. But they in no wise excuse a citizen from taking his assigned part in the government of the country; from making up his mind what the commonwealth demands and what party's success will come nearest satisfying them—and using his influence and casting his vote accordingly.

"Be it admitted that the democratic party, its platform and its candidate are open to much just criticism, yet all things considered would not its triumph be the best outcome of the present presidential contest."

Mr. Olney then criticises the policy of the McKinley administration regarding the Philippines and thinks the country will soon find itself in the toils of a Chinese problem even more costly than the Philippine problem itself.

He concludes: "For myself, I find it tolerably clear that a citizen's duty in connection with the presidential election requires him to desire the success of the democratic party."

BRYAN'S CAR IS STOPPED.

Railroad Company Refuses to Let His Car Travel.

Wheeling, W. Va.—(Special.)—Because the Ohio River railroad management declined to permit the private car in which William J. Bryan has been touring this state, to be attached to its train from Parkersburg, the democratic candidate rode into Wheeling in a public car, using a ticket paid for by National Committeeman McGraw.

Mr. Bryan's friends in Parkersburg and surrounding territory are incensed over what they construe as an affront to their leader. This feeling was intensified by the refusal of the railroad to grant excursion rates for the Bryan demonstration today on condition that visitors should come in blocks, one man to have tickets in each block.

When it became known that Mr. Bryan's route would take him from Parkersburg to Wheeling permission was asked by the Parkersburg committee to have the private car taken over the Ohio River railroad. They failed to secure permission.

The refusal came through Vice President Burt of the railroad, but the company attributed it to President H. H. Rogers, who is also at the head of the Standard Oil company's interests and is intimately associated with Senator Elkins.

As Mr. Burt and Mr. McGraw are personal friends the latter was asked to obtain permission, but declined to ask for that which the committees had been unable to obtain. The offer of the company to give reduced rates to excursionists in blocks was refused.

GAIN IN THE CENTRAL STATES.

Democrats Have Reason to Hope For Bryan's Success.

Lincoln, Neb.—(Special.)—Dr. P. L. Hall, chairman of the democratic state central committee, returned today from a meeting of the chairmen of the middle west states at Chicago. The conditions as he heard them reported there, has filled him with hope, and he risks his reputation as a prophet on the forecast that Bryan will carry the majority of the states represented in that meeting. He had a private conversation with each of the chairmen present with the exception of Ohio's representative, Mr. Hall said:

"Michigan, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Iowa, Kansas, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Nebraska were represented. There is no doubt that we have gained immeasurably in all these states since 1896. I am not a prophet nor the son of a prophet, but if we do not carry most of these states I cannot read political indications."

"What has caused the change?"

"Well, imperialism, or the new colonial policy of the present administration, is first a factor, and next the trusts. However a growing popular opinion that Mr. McKinley is a weak man, is going to have a far-reaching effect. His frequent lightning changes on public questions, and his apparent servility to Hanna, lead to a general opinion that he is a dangerous man in the high office he fills. On the other hand, the fearless attitude of Mr. Bryan on all public questions, are inspiring confidence in him. The personalities of the two candidates are bound to have a far-reaching effect.

"Yes, I saw the great labor parade. It was magnificent, and it was apparent that a strong Bryan sentiment pervades labor circles in Chicago. The prosperity of the republicans is not even whispered to the laboring men of Chicago. Conditions there are not such as to warrant it."

LLEWELLYN LAID AWAY.

Wichita, Kan.—(Special.)—The funeral of ex-Governor Llewellyn was held here today. The body, which lay in state yesterday at the Llewellyn home, was taken this morning to the Plymouth Congregational church, where services were held. The burial was at Maple Grove Cemetery.

WILL STAY.

TROOPS OF THE POWERS WILL REMAIN IN PEKIN.

TO RESTORE ORDER

Two Answers Come to the Russo-American Plan For Dealing With the Chinese Empire.

Washington, D. C.—(Special.)—The latest expression as to the attitude of the powers on the evacuation of Pekin comes from the United States ambassador at Paris, General Horace Porter, who has advised the authorities here that the attitude of the French government is favorable to the position taken by Russia.

Almost simultaneously with this dispatch from General Porter came another from the American charge d'affaires at Berlin, giving the attitude of Germany on Russia's proposal. This in substance states that Germany, while anxious to avoid any friction between the powers, regards the conditions at Pekin such as to require the continued presence of German forces there. Neither General Porter nor Mr. Jackson give the text of the answers, but only the substance of the position taken by the two governments.

These two highly important communications bring the Chinese negotiations to a very advanced stage, though they are not yet concluded, as all of the answers are not yet in. The German and French answers, however, clearly indicate the alignment of the powers. It is generally accepted that Germany's attitude in favor of remaining at Pekin will be concurred in by Italy and Austria, as these two countries act with Germany on political questions of a general nature.

AUSTRIA WANTS TO HANG ON.

Moreover, definite word has been received here which clearly foreshadows Austria's position in favor of remaining at Pekin. As to the purposes of Great Britain, there is an absolute lack of official information, though little doubt is entertained that since Germany has taken the initiative Great Britain will follow suit in favor of remaining at Pekin.

The petition of Japan likewise is lacking in definiteness, although it is believed in the best posted quarters that if other nations remain at Pekin, Japan will deem it expedient to remain there also.

It would seem from this that France is the only government to give concurrence to the Russian proposition, although the United States has expressed a purpose of following Russia's course, unless the other powers brought about a modification of Russia's position. Thus far Russia has not expressed any purpose of modifying her original position.

RUSSIA ISN'T QUITTING YET.

It was stated authoritatively today that Russia has not ordered the departure of her minister or troops from Pekin up to this time, so far as the government is advised. It is stated that no new propositions have been presented, but that the question is practically the same as when first presented, namely, as to whether the men will remain or be withdrawn from Pekin.

The receipt of the communication from Berlin and Paris brought about numerous conferences between the president, Secretary Root and Acting Secretary of State Hill, and also between Mr. Hill and Mr. Adee. It was gathered from these meetings that another note was being prepared by the United States, but the authorities did not feel disposed to give any inkling as to its nature, and it is quite probable that its final form will await the consideration of the cabinet tomorrow.

Aside from the general question, the French government is again considering the status of Li Hung Chang, and this subject was also brought to the attention of the authorities here today. There have been reports of prospective detention of Earl Li in case he proceeded north, but the communications just in hand indicate that there will be no interference with his movements. His acceptability as a peace commissioner also continues to be a subject of discussion, there being a strong desire in certain quarters not to include him in the Chinese commission.

M. Thiebaut, the French charge d'affaires, and Baron Speck von Sternberg, the German charge, had long consultations at the state department today, but the purposes of their calls were not disclosed, although they are understood to have related to the Chinese situation. The military situation at Pekin remains unchanged apparently.

WILL OPPOSE IMPERIALISM.

Columbus, O.—(Special.)—A non-partisan anti-imperialist league was formed here today, with John Beatty of Columbus as president and L. W. Bryon of Wauseon secretary. Resolutions were adopted protesting against the adoption of the so-called Imperialist policy. In the evening a number of the leaders in the movement, including Mayor S. M. Jones of Toledo, delivered addresses.

MIMIC WARFARE.

Dover, Eng.—(Special.)—The combined army and navy maneuvers were held here this morning. The idea was to show the chance an invading force would have. The forts defeated the main naval attack, but meanwhile the invaders, landing at another point, seized the London railroad.

PROGRESS.

Details of the Growth and Advancement of Magnetic Osteopathy

COMBINED BY PROF. KHARAS,

The Founder of over a dozen Large Institutions of Iowa and Nebraska.

Omaha, Neb.—(Special.)—The attention of the reading public has often been called to the remarkable progress made along scientific lines by the repeated discoveries of Prof. Theo. Kharas. He has been devoting years of study leading toward scientific unfoldment in the realm of psychic thought as well as new methods of curing diseases without drugs, medicines or surgery, or any mechanical or chemical appliance. The method which he has practically perfected is known as "Magnetic Osteopathy." In speaking of the grandeur of this science, Prof. T. J. Ruddy, manager of the Kharas branch office in Atlantic, Ia., said:

THE KHARAS SYSTEM DEFINED.

"Osteopathy is a method of treating diseases by manipulation, the result and purpose of which is to restore the normal condition of nerve control and blood supply to every organ of the body by removing all physical obstructions in the way of contracted muscles, misplaced bones, contracted nerve centers, etc., thereby stimulating and inhibiting functional activity as the condition may require. Vital or animal magnetism is an electric substance or force generated in our bodies and capable of being transmitted by the trained mind from the operator or magnetic healer to the subject or patient. Restore this magnetic substance to the patient's nerves and blood and you restore at once the life, power and vitality he has lost. The grand forces combined with a thorough knowledge of anatomy, practical suggestive therapeutics and mental science constitute the 'Kharas System of Magnetic Osteopathy.' Certainly the only rational and scientific method of curing the old chronic diseases which have so long baffled the old school of practitioners."

From the wonderful success of Prof. Ruddy since he has taken up this profession, his judgment should have considerable weight. He had studied the "Weltner Method" before he entered the Kharas school, but found that what he had learned was not at all practical, and that the must learn actual work by practical study under competent teachers. Why was it that Kharas could accept him as a student and when he finished his six weeks' course employ him for a year, with the privilege of renewing his contract for three years longer, when other schools could not hire him for a single month? The only answer is that Prof. Kharas has the system which people recognize as standard, and when he establishes an office in a place he gets all the patronage. People who have taken so-called magnetic treatment and failing of health come to the Kharas office and are cured. Atlantic had an osteopath who had been in the city two years when Prof. Ruddy located there. But now the Kharas manager has double the work of the old established osteopath. Why? Simply because he has a grander, broader and much more comprehensive system of curing diseases. He can cure three times as many cases as the old style osteopath. Besides, from the study of psychology, Prof.

tion means to be convinced. He took the regular course of study and the very day he finished the six weeks he was placed in charge of a branch office at Jefferson, Ia., and now has an income of \$60 a week! If he had practiced medicine he would not have had an income of \$60 the first year! Money is not all; he is doing good that it would have been absolutely impossible to have accomplished in the practice of medicine.

Dr. Richard M. Knox of Muscatoh, Kan., had practiced the "regular" school of medicine for twenty years. He lost his health and took the Kharas treatment and got well, of course, and then took the course. He had tried every institution in the country and had spent his fortune in trying to regain his health. Now he is practicing Magnetic Osteopathy and making more money and doing more good in a month than he was able to do in a year before.

THE DAY OF MEDICINE GONE.

The leading men in the medical profession today acknowledge the fact that the practice of medicine is not a definite science. They know that the same drug given two different people under

exactly the same conditions will never, or rarely, produce the same result. Can such risky work be depended upon? It is being demonstrated daily that Magnetic Osteopathy is an exact science. The same manipulation or the magnetization of a nerve center in one individual will produce the same result if performed on another. The Magnetic Osteopath does his "practice" work in school on free patients. The medical man "practices" all his life at the expenses of the poor, suffering patient, and after all he is no wiser. His mistakes are buried and forgotten only to be repeated on others!

SOME STATISTICS.

During the last eighteen months the Kharas Headquarters and its branches have actually cured over two thousand cases of chronic disease, and in nearly every instance the patient had been given up as hopeless by the regular doctors. The work of Kharas and his twenty-two able and trained assistants is well known, and they unhesitatingly challenge anyone to mention a single death that has occurred under their treatment of over two thousand so-called "hopeless" cases! They also challenge the leading physicians of Iowa and Nebraska and the leading institutions where chronic diseases are treated to show that as an actual matter of history over 60 per cent of all cases treated by medicine and surgery do not die under such treatment.

NOT A "FAITH CURE."

The element of faith or religious belief does not enter into Kharas System of Magnetic Osteopathy. It is absolutely scientific, and it makes no difference whether the patients "believe" in it or not. Infants, idiots and insane patients have been repeatedly under treatment with as good results as those who claim to understand and believe in the treatment. For that matter, a large majority of the patients who have taken

was no hope, but he was cured. Then Mr. Onstott brought his wife, who was cured in a week of a dreadful case of chronic constipation of years' standing. Then one of their neighbors, Mrs. Belle Coleman, went to the Missouri Valley (Iowa) office of the Kharas company and was cured of total paralysis of the right side. Another neighbor, Mrs. M. A. Honaker, had been operated upon two years ago for fibroid tumor of the uterus. The tumor returned (of course) worse than ever, and the doctors said a second operation would be useless and fatal. In desperation she went to the Kharas Headquarters in Omaha, and in five weeks was cured sound and well. This was some time ago, and not the slightest symptom of a return of the trouble has she ever had, nor will she ever have.

So much for one vicinity where Kharas' good work is well known. Where they do not know the Kharas people they call them "frauds." Where they do know them, they have the entire confidence of the people.

Recorder of Deeds Chas. C. Brant of Nebraska City was cured of a paralyzed arm, pronounced hopeless by doctors and surgeons, in less than a week's treatment by Prof. Kharas. Mrs. A. Sanquest of the same town (Nebraska City) was cured of cancer of the breast by the same bloodless, painless method of manipulation. Mrs. Geo. C. Clapp of Brock, Neb., cured of cancer on the nose by the Kharas treatment. Mr. J. A. Payne, the wealthiest and best known man in Hamburg, Ia., or, for that matter, Southwestern Iowa, was cured of numbness and writer's paralysis of the right arm in one treatment, of piles in one treatment, and in a short time of a fistula that had been troubling him for nine years.

Do the above sound like "imaginary" diseases? That's the kind the doctors say the Kharas method cures! Investigate.

OUT OF THE ORDINARY.

The largest balloon ever constructed, and capable of lifting over six tons, will ascend from Berlin shortly to make meteorological observations. It will be supplied with provisions for several weeks and with two beds.

Scientists are saying that mosquitoes carry malaria and flies spread smallpox. If these new troubles invade the snakebite regions of Kentucky many of the distilleries may totter under the responsibility.

The Honolulu Republican is joyfully munching the first sweets of Journalism—a large, juicy libel suit. Evidently the Republican is there to stay.

With features distorted and hands and arms swollen and scarred, Andrew Schlake, a farmer living near Nashville, Ill., was found wandering about in the swamps near the Okaw river. Myriads of mosquitoes hovered over him and covered his face and body. Schlake was taken home by friends and it was found that he was suffering from thousands of bites. He had become lost while hunting and had fought the mosquitoes all night. His case is comical. Nothing of this sort has happened outside of New

this new treatment have been skeptical—when they first began. None are skeptical when they are cured, and all are cured!

REMARKABLE ADVANCEMENT.

Prof. Kharas has lived in Nebraska for over twelve years, but some years ago had been away at various schools and universities studying, and eighteen months ago returned to the state and began business with a capital stock of less than \$5. Now, he is president of the Kharas Infirmary Company, which is organized under the laws of the state with a paid-up capital of \$10,000, and his financial standing and business integrity is absolutely unquestioned. He has spent and is spending thousands of dollars right along for advertising. He owns the Kharas Printery, which prints weekly the Nebraska Socialist, the state official paper of the Socialist party in Nebraska; the Kharas Book, a monthly magazine devoted to social reform, and Good Health, a monthly illustrated paper devoted to his science of Magnetic Osteopathy. Although not a politician, Prof. Kharas was nominated by the Socialist Convention in this state, which met at Lincoln, as their candidate for governor of Nebraska. He has no hopes of election, but his nomination shows the esteem in which he is held by those who know him best. He would not give up his grand work for humanity to be governor of the state. There are others who can do such work as that, but few who can do the great enterprises of which he is the head.

A FEW OF KHARAS' CURES.

Postmaster John Onstott, Beebeetown, Ia., brought his 16-year-old boy to Kharas to be cured of paralysis standing since the lad was 14 months old. The best of doctors said there



PROFESSOR THEODORE KHARAS, A. M. Ph. D., Supt.



The above shows the location of the Kharas Headquarters at 1515-1517 Chicago street, Omaha, Neb. Fronting on Jefferson Park; it would be hard to find a better location. A visit to the Kharas Offices will convince any one of the great progress being made in this new science.

Ruddy is able to give what Prof. Kharas calls "psychic diagnosis," which never fails to give the proper cause and possible cure of the case in question. If a case is absolutely incurable the Kharas people know it, and refuse to attempt an impossibility. Others, not knowing for sure what can be done, stagger blindly ahead and make all manner of ridiculous "mistakes."

Dr. Ralph French Webster of Omaha entered the Creighton Medical College of this city and graduated with due honors. He did not practice medicine. He found the life overflowing with men just like himself—men who could not do with medicines what they were supposed to do. What did he do? He investigated the Kharas System of Magnetic Osteopathy, and investigated

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

Dead crows are silent mementoes of the lost caws.

Some men never do anything without overdoing it.

The less a man boasts the more true worth he possesses.

A lover's quarrel is the sauce that seasons the courtship.

Reform is an airship that is always on the verge of starting.

A woman's mirror will tell her what none of her friends will.

Good nature is a glowworm that sheds light in the darkest places.

The man who is driven to desperation usually assists in the driving.

Robert Mantell, the actor, was married to Miss Marie Booth Russell, his leading lady, last May, though the fact has just been made public. This is Mr. Mantell's third matrimonial venture. The actor has not found it wise to play in New York for several years because of a dispute between himself and his first wife as to alimony.

What the country needs just now is some means of canning the surplus heat for winter consumption. There are "millions in it."

PERSONAL AND OTHERS.

A diligent search fails to find any mention of the man with the hoe in the Huntington will.

Among its other qualifications as a summer resort, New York is now filled with mosquitoes.

Mr. Jeffries' gray matter is sound. He offered no objection to the retirement of Mr. Fitzsimmons.

Li Hung Chang is not talking for publication. He is on the premises merely as a guarantee of good faith.

Mr. Fitzsimmons retires to private life with the sweet consciousness of having left his imprint on the strenuous profession.

A speedy marriage, following a courtship of forty-eight hours, was recently announced in Stroudsburg, Pa. Jerry Shorer of Maplewood, a widower with six children, met Mrs. Augustus Hoser of Greentown, a widow with seven children. Love at first sight resulted, the wooing briskly boomed and in two days they were married.

Commissioner Peck shows delicate respect for the constitution by putting away the Legion of Honor medal until he retires from office.